IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A polyethylene polymer produced by a process comprising:
- a) contacting one or more a olefin monomers together, at least one of the olefin monomers comprising ethylene, in the presence of a catalyst under polymerization conditions,

wherein the catalyst was produced by:

- i) contacting a soluble magnesium dialkoxide compound of the general formula Mg(OR")₂ with a halogenating agent capable of exchanging one halogen for one alkoxide to form a reaction product A, where R" is a hydrocarbyl or substituted hydrocarbyl having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms;
- ii) contacting the reaction product A with a first halogenating/titanating agent to form a reaction product B;
- iii) contacting the reaction product B with a second stronger halogenating/titanating agent to form a reaction product C;
- iv) contacting the reaction product C with an organoaluminum preactivating agent to form a preactivated catalyst; and
- v) heating the preactivated catalyst at a temperature in the range of about 90°C to about 150°C, for a time in the range of about thirty minutes to about a twenty-four hours.
- 2. (Original) The polymer of claim 1 wherein the monomers are ethylene monomers, and wherein the polymer is polyethylene.

3. (Original) The polymer of claim 2 wherein the polyethylene has a molecular weight distribution of greater than about 4.0.

- 4. (Original) The polymer of claim 1 wherein the polymerization is in bulk, slurry or gas phase.
- 5. (Original) The polymer of claim 1 wherein the soluble magnesium dialkoxide compound is a reaction product of a reaction comprising an alkyl magnesium compound of the general formula MgRR', wherein R and R' are alkyl groups of 1-10 carbon atoms and may be the same or different, and an alcohol of the general formula R"OH wherein the alcohol is linear or branched and wherein R" is an alkyl group of 4-20 carbon atoms.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The polymer of claim 4 5, wherein the soluble magnesium dialkoxide compound is a magnesium di(2-ethylhexoxide), wherein the alkyl magnesium compound is selected from the group consisting of diethyl magnesium, dipropyl magnesium, dibutyl magnesium and butylethylmagnesium, and wherein the alcohol is selected from the group consisting of ethanol, propanol, isopropanol, butanol, isobutanol and 2-ethylhexanol.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The polymer of claim 2 wherein the reaction further organoaluminum comprises an aluminum alkyl, and wherein the ratio of alkyl aluminum to magnesium is 0.001:1 to 1:1.

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8. (Currently Amended) The polymer of claim 2 wherein any one of steps i)-<u>iv</u>) further comprises an electron donor, and wherein the ratio of electron donor to magnesium is in the range of about 0:1 to about 10:1.

- 9. (Original) The polymer of claim 8 wherein the electron donor is an ether.
- 10. (Original) The polymer of claim 1 wherein the halogenating agent is of the general formula ClQR"_x, wherein Q is a nonreducing oxyphilic group, R"_x is a hydrocarbyl moiety having from about 2 to 6 carbon atoms, and x is the valence of Q minus 1.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The polymer of claim 1 wherein the first mild chlorinating/titanating agent is a blend of TiCl₄ and Ti(OBu)₄ in a range from 0.5:1 to 6:1 TiCl₄/TiOBu)₄.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The polymer of claim 1 wherein the second stronger chlorinating/titanating agent is titanium tetrachloride, and wherein the range of titanium to magnesium is 0:0.1 to 2:1.
- 13. (Original) The polymer of claim 1 wherein the organoaluminum preactivating agent is an aluminum alkyl of the formula AlR² where R² is an alkyl having 1-8 carbon atoms or a halide, R² being the same or different and at least one R² is an alkyl and wherein the ratio of Al to titanium is in the range from 0.1:1 to 2:1.

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14. (Currently Amended) A process for a-olefin polymerization, comprising:

a) contacting one or more a-olefin monomers together in the presence of a catalyst under polymerization conditions,

wherein the catalyst was produced by:

- i) contacting a soluble magnesium dialkoxide compound of the general formula Mg(OR")₂ with a halogenating agent capable of exchanging one halogen for one alkoxide to form a reaction product A, where R" is a hydrocarbyl or substituted hydrocarbyl having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms;
- ii) contacting the reaction product A with a first halogenating/titanating agent to form a reaction product B;
- iii) contacting the reaction product B with a second stronger halogenating/titanating agent to form a reaction product C;
- iv) contacting the reaction product C with an organoaluminum preactivating agent to form a preactivated catalyst; and
- v) heating the preactivated catalyst at a temperature in the range of about 90°C to about 150°C, for a time in the range of about thirty minutes to about twenty-four hours.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The process of claim 14 further comprising:b)vi) extracting polyolefin polymer.
- 16. (Original) The process of claim 14 wherein the monomers are ethylene monomers and the polymer is polyethylene.

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- 17. (Original) The process of claim 16 wherein the polyethylene has a molecular weight distribution of at least about 4.0.
- 18. (Original) The process of claim 14 wherein the polymerization is in bulk, slurry or gas phase.
- 19. (Original) The process of claim 14 wherein the halogenating agent is of the general formula ClQR"_x, wherein Q is a nonreducing oxyphilic group, and R"_x is a hydrocarbyl moiety having from about 2 to 6 carbon atoms,
- 20. (Original) The process of claim 19 wherein the halogenating agent is ClTi(OiPr)₃.
- 21. (Original) The process of claim 14 wherein the first halogenating/titanating agent is a blend of two tetre-substituted titanium compounds having the general formula TiCl4/Ti(OR"")4, wherein R""4 is a hydrocarbyl moiety having 2 to 6 carbon atoms.

- 22. (Original) The process of claim 21 wherein the first halogenating/titanating agent is a blend of TiCl₄/Ti(OBu)₄, and wherein the ratio of TiCl₄ to Ti(OBu)₄ is in the range of about 0.5:1 to about 6:1.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The process of claim 22 wherein the <u>molar ratio</u> of titanium to magnesium present in step (ii) is between about 0.5:1 and about 5.0:1.
- 24. (Original) The process of claim 14 wherein the second stronger halogenating/titanating agent is TiCl₄.
- 25. (Currently Amended) The process of claim 24 wherein TiCl₄ is present in the range of about 0.1 to about 5.0 equivalents to magnesium.
- 26. (Original) The process of claim 14 wherein the organoaluminum preactivating agent is TEAl.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The process of claim 14 wherein an electron donor is present in any one of steps i-iv, and wherein the ratio of electron donor to metal magnesium is in the range of about 0:0.1 to about 10:1.

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